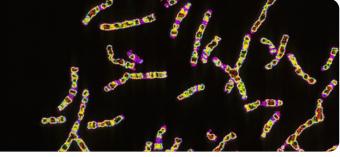
1000 Genomes

A Deep Catalog of Human Genetic Variation



1000 Genomes Project Phase III Tutorial

Structural Variants (SVs)

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SV Discovery Over the Three Phases of the 1000 Genomes

Deletion

Ref.

Pilot:

- Deletions (DEL)
- Mobile Element Insertions (MEI)

Phase I:

Only LARGE DEL

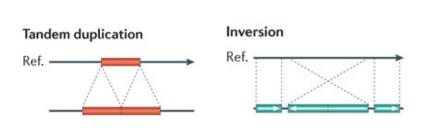
Phase III:

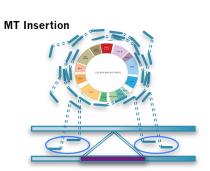
DEL – Many more deletions including more 50-500bp

Deletion

Ref.

- 7 Total callers
- MEI Redesigned from ground up to use BWA Alignments
- New types of variation!!!
 - Duplications (DUP) Copy Number = 2
 - multiple Copy Number Variation (mCNV) Copy Number = 3+
 - Inversions (INV)
 - Nuclear Mitochondrial Insertions (NUMT)





Deletion

Multiple Copy Number Variation Ref.



Ref. Mobile element

Mobile-element insertion

Mobile element

SV Callers and What They Discover

Deletion (DEL)

GenomeStrip
Breakdancer
CNVnator
Delly
Variation Hunter
UWash RD
Pindel (Short Deletions)

multiple Copy Number Variation (mCNV)

UWash SSL GenomeStrip

Duplications (DUP)

Delly UWash RD GenomeStrip

Inversions (INV)

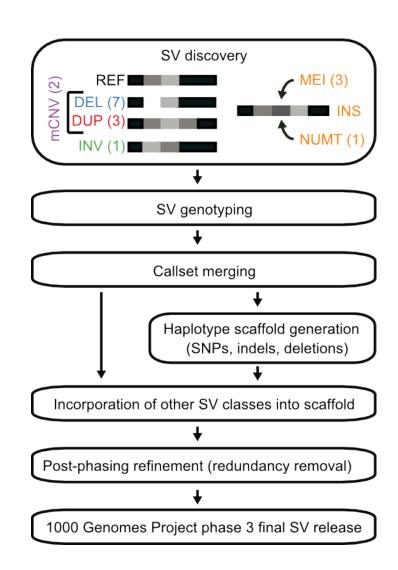
Delly

Mobile Element Insertions (MEI)

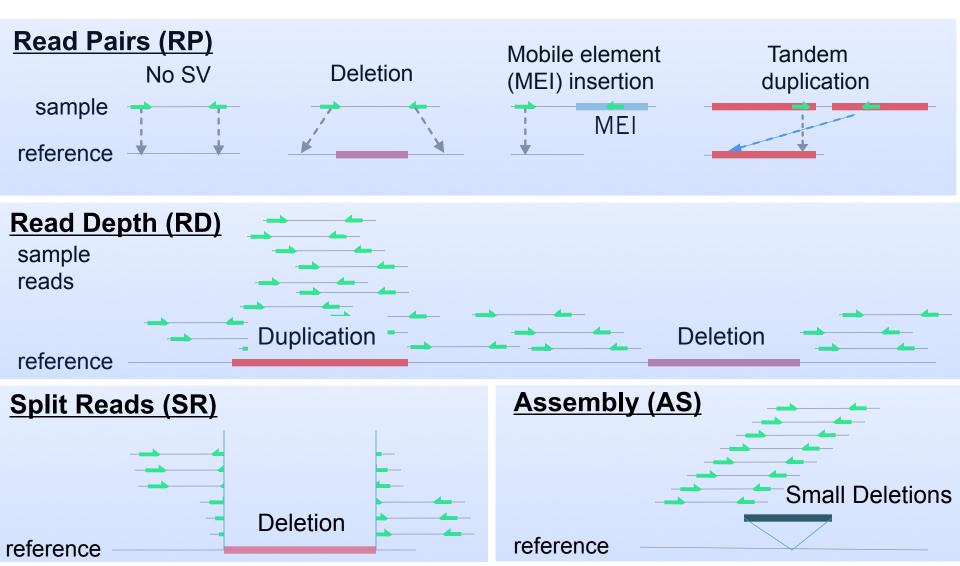
MELT

Mitocondrial Insertions (NUMT)

Dinumt



Detection of SVs Using Multiple Pieces of Evidence



Phase III Improvements

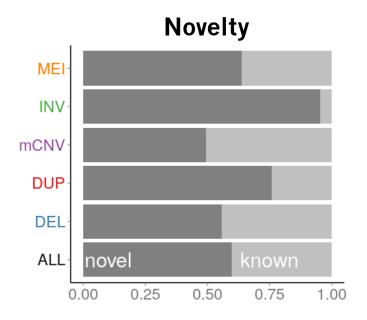
Expanded dataset

- Total number of SVs has vastly increased (69,353 vs. 14,422)
- 26 populations from 5 super populations
- ~60% novel variants

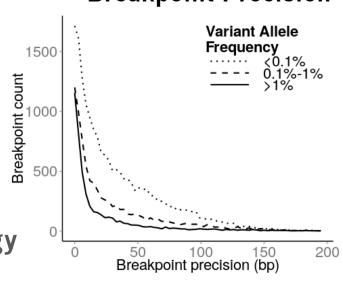
Technology Development

- Many new callers (algorithm development as a tool for the community)
 - Improved technology and efficiency
- Genotypes for ALL call-sets
 - Improves use for GWAS studies in all 26 populations
- Genotyped deletions from 50bp 500bp
 - Only had >500bp before
- Enhanced breakpoint precision

Utilizing the power that comes with more advanced sequencing technology (high coverage, read pairs, long reads)



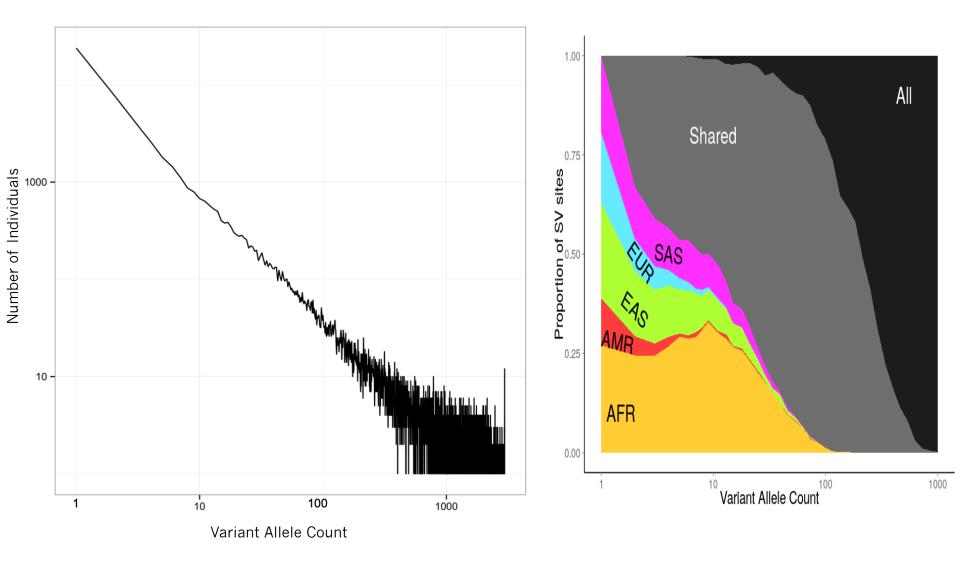
Breakpoint Precision



Summary of 1KGP Phase III SV Calls

SV type	No. sites	Pilot/Phase I	Mean size of SV sites	Alleles per individual (mean)	Affected portion of genome	Site FDR	Genotype concordance (non-ref.)	Sensitivity estimates	Tools
DEL	42,491	23,594 (Union Set), 14,422 (Genotyped)	9,633 bp	1,879	0.14%	2% ⁴ - 4% ⁰	97.5% ^C	84.4% ^C	BreakDancer, Delly, CNVnator, GenomeSTRiP, Pindel, UWash-RD Variation-Hunter
DUP	6,136	501 (Tandem Only)	66,105 bp	17	0.044%	1% ⁴ - 4% ⁰	91.4% ^C	53.2% ^C	Delly, GenomeSTRiP, UWash-RD
mCNV	3,014	N/A	37,115 bp	195	0.48%	1% ⁴ - 2% ⁰		NA	GenomeSTRiP, UWash-RD
INV	858 (100 simple; 758 complex)	N/A	33,767 bp	24	0.0024%	$11\%^L$ (20% ^L for one-sided)	Markus contacted – based on Pang et al	24% (67% for Inv. <5kb; 32% for <50kb)	Delly
MEI (Alu, L1, SVA)	16,684 (12,786, 3060, 838)	3,276 (2882, 345, 49)	(268 bp, 3,063 bp) 957 bp)	706 (583, 91, 32)	(0.0054%, 0.0078%, 0.0012%)	3.7% ^P (3.1%, 3.6%, 11.9%)	98% ^D (97%, 98%, 98%)	82.9# - 96.0% ^V	MELT
NUMT	170	N/A	815bp	3	0.00010 %	10% ^P	86.1% ^P	NA*	Dinumt

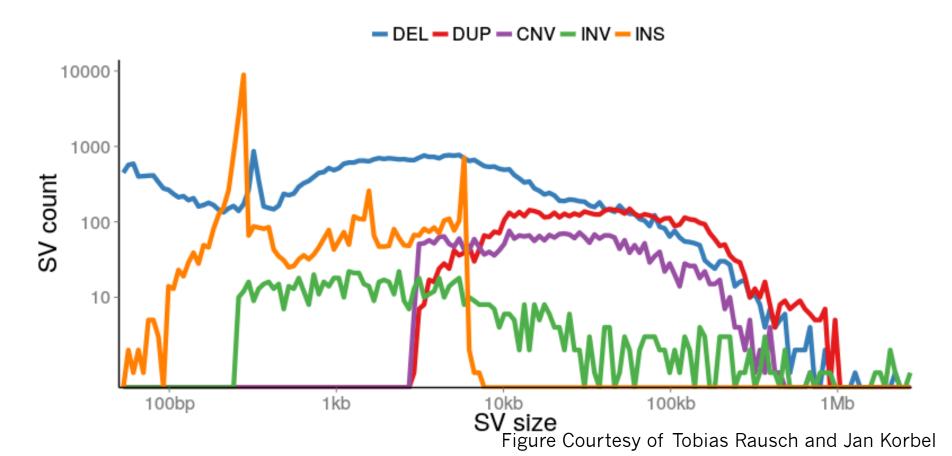
Most Variants are Rare, and Those Variants are Only in One Population



Figures Courtesy of Tobias Rausch and Jan Korbel

Addition and Improvement of Multiple SV Types

- Addition of multiple new SV types with expected length distributions
- Improvement over previous releases in terms of length distribution (DEL calls)



SVs are in LD with Nearby SNPs

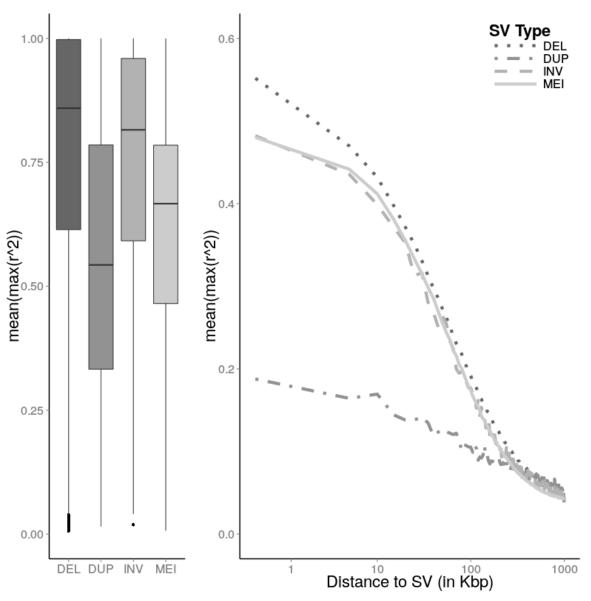


Figure Courtesy of Tobias Rausch and Jan Korbel

How to Access and Use SV Data

All individual calls talked about in this presentation can be found here: ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/release/20130502/supporting/input_callsets/

The final SV calls can be found here:

ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/working/20130723 phase3 wg/ merged sv genotypes/ALL.wgs.mergedSV.v3.20130502.svs.genotypes.vcf.gz

A final list of algorithms will be released with the 1KGP Phase III/SV Companion!

- All calls are in Variant Call Format (VCF) v4.1
 Specification at: http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/
 - VCFv4.1.pdf
- VCF Record for SV is slightly different that for a SNP or InDel
 - Header is same as standard VCF format
 - Often no specific sequence included in ALT/REF field
 - INFO field includes several different conventions
 - These vary based on the SV-Type being called

VCF Format with an MEI Specific Example

CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO

1 3011887 ALU_umary_ALU_3 A <INS:ME:ALU> . . TSD=AGAAAGTGGAGTA;SVTYPE=ALU;MEINFO=AluYa5,1,281,-;SVLEN=280;CS=ALU_umary

- First 6 Columns:
 - Fairly similar in all SV types!
 - CHROM Chromosome Variant is on
 - POS Position on Locus
 - ID Specific ID from the specific Callset (no real convention here, up to the group that contributed the calls)
 - REF All EXCEPT PINDEL (Identify with CS Tag in INFO field) simply lists the 1st base before POS
 - Pindel lists the entire sequence of the deletion
 - ALT Shows the variant type (i.e. LINE1, INV, etc.)
 - QUAL May or may not be included based on callset, typically is Phred-based score for call quality when included
 - FILTER Only PASS variants are included in final VCF, even if they do not say pass
- INFO Field Column 7
 - Common to ALL SV Types:
 - SVTYPE One of the types listed on the table on slide 8 (INV, MEI, DUP, etc.)
 - CS Callset this variant was derived from. Allows end-users to go back to raw calls
 - SV Specific MEI
 - TSD Described Target Site Duplication
 - MEINFO Specific MEI info such as subspecies and start/stop positions
 - A Note on END/SVLEN:
 - Use SVLEN if it is available. END is not necessarily the exact length of the event
- GENOTYPES Column 8+:
 - ALL Reported SV variants have GTs for every reported individual in the 1KGP
 - Have either been phased onto Haplotypes (DEL Calls) or Imputed onto the Scaffolds generated by this phasing
 - Fully supported for GWAS/Pop Gen studies

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